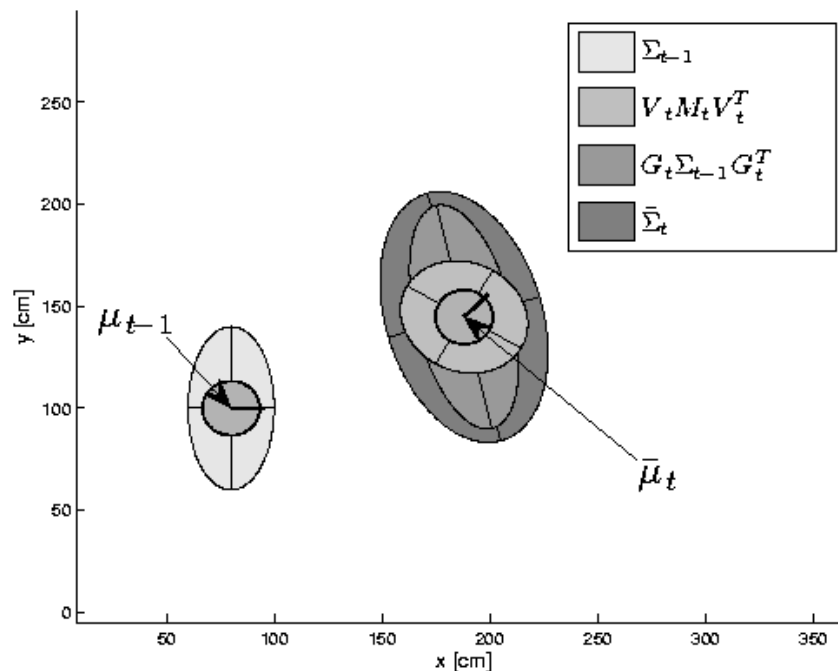


Day 24

EKF and UKF

EKF and RoboCup Soccer

- simulation of localization using EKF and 6 landmarks (with known correspondences)
- robot travels in a circular arc of length 90cm and rotation 45deg



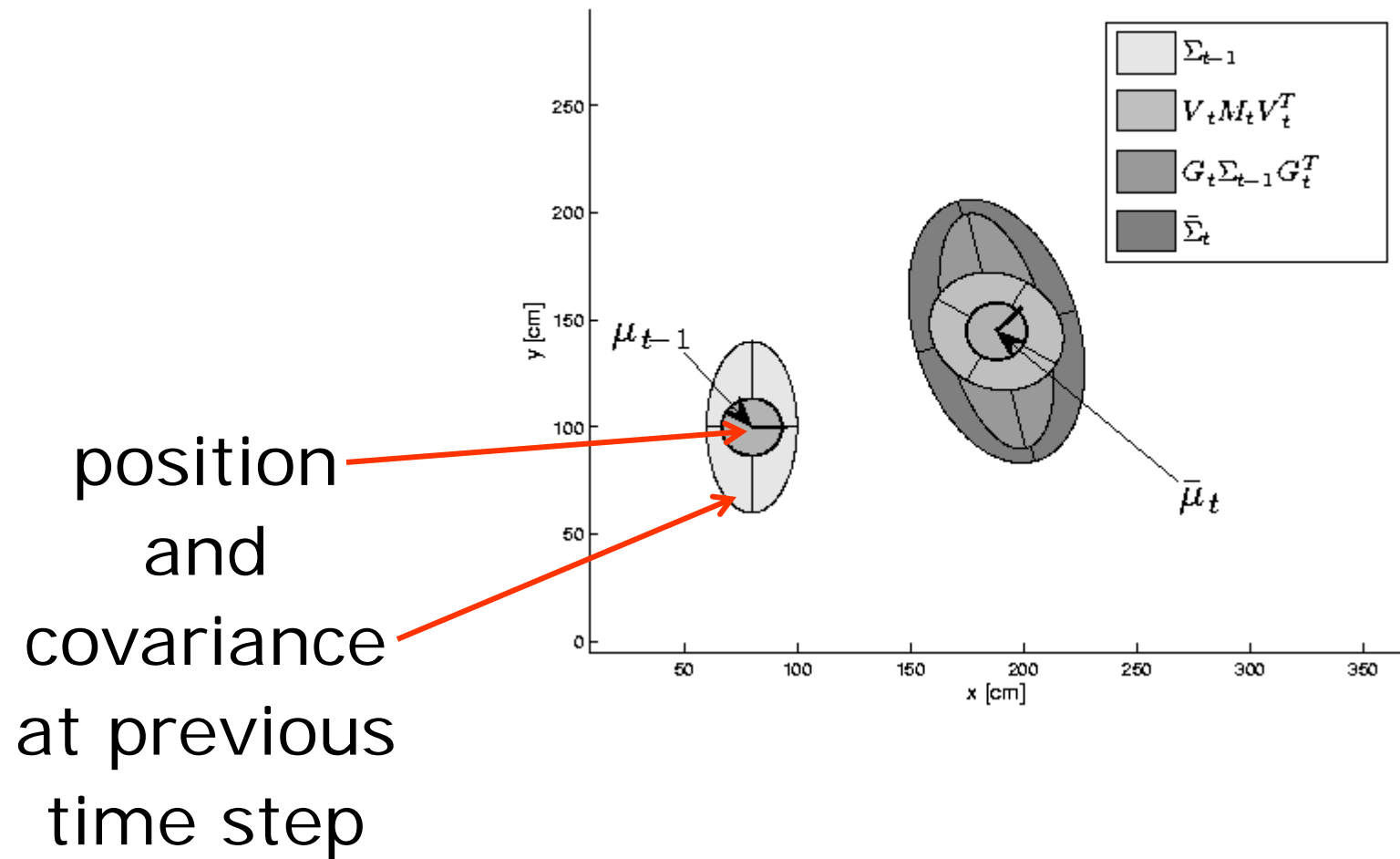
EKF Prediction Step

- recall that in the prediction step the state mean and covariance are projected forward in time using the plant model

$$\bar{\mu}_t = g(u_t, \mu_{t-1})$$

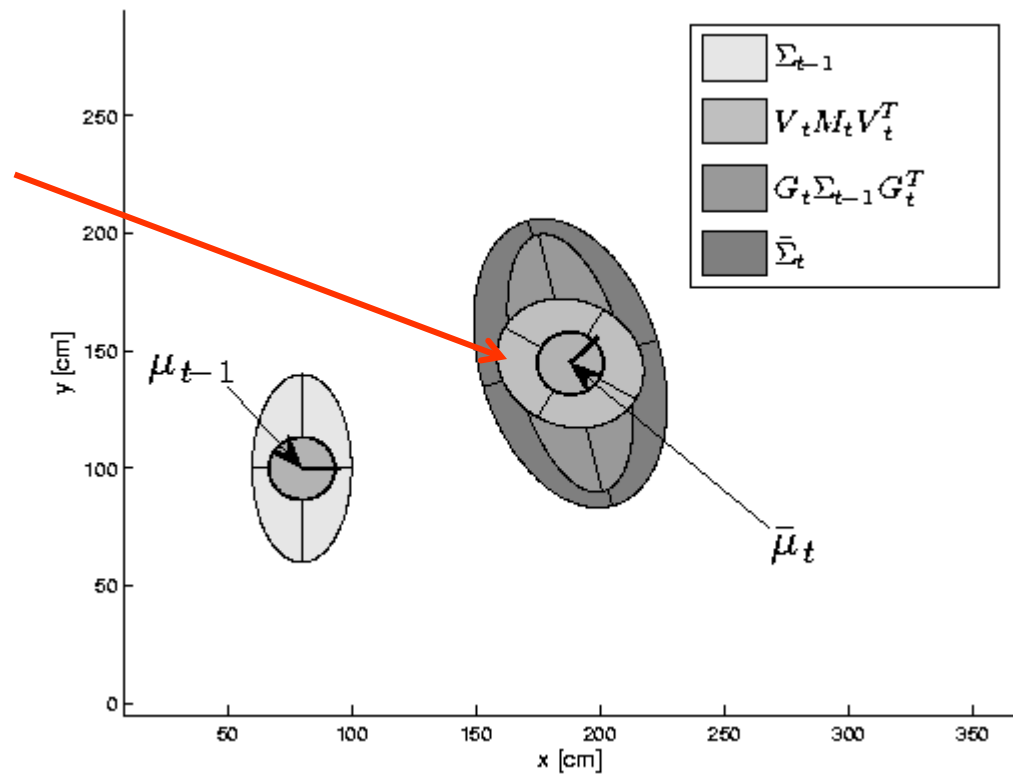
$$\bar{\Sigma}_t = G_t \Sigma_{t-1} G_t^T + R_t$$

EKF Prediction Step



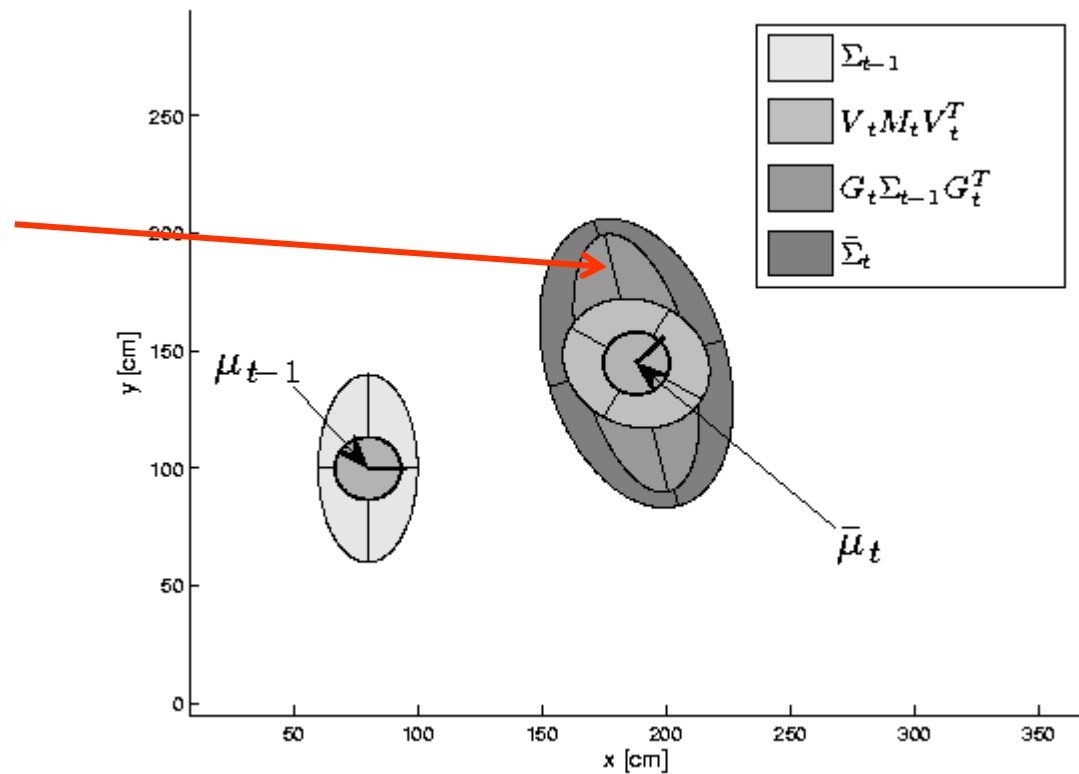
EKF Prediction Step

uncertainty
due to
control noise
(small transl.
and rot. noise)



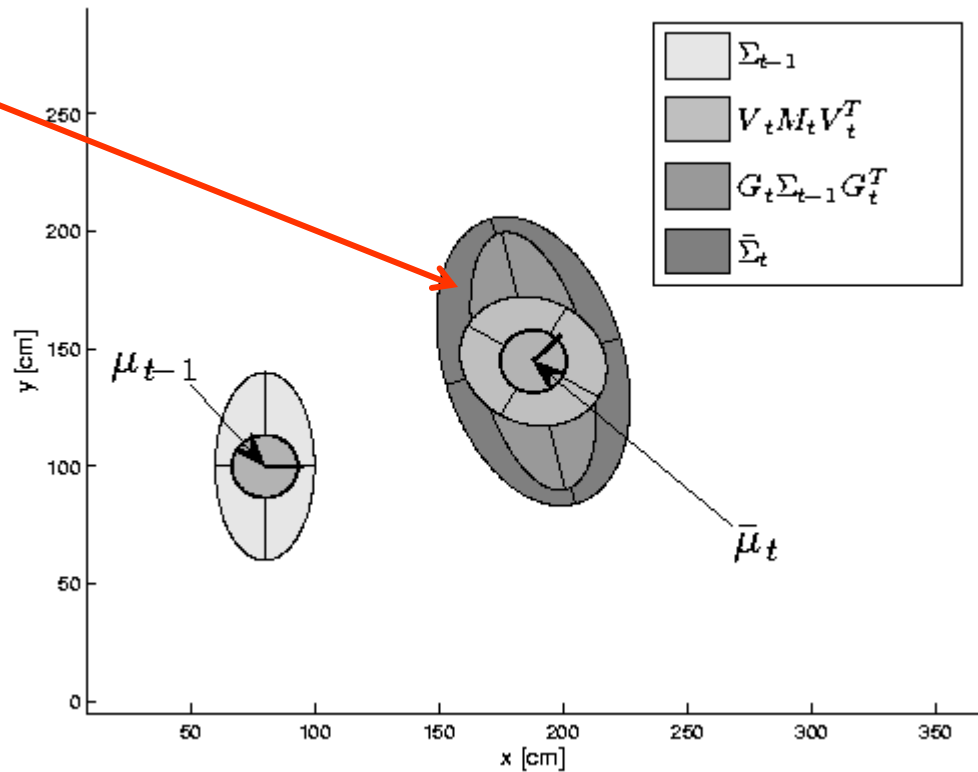
EKF Prediction Step

previous
uncertainty
projected
through
process
model



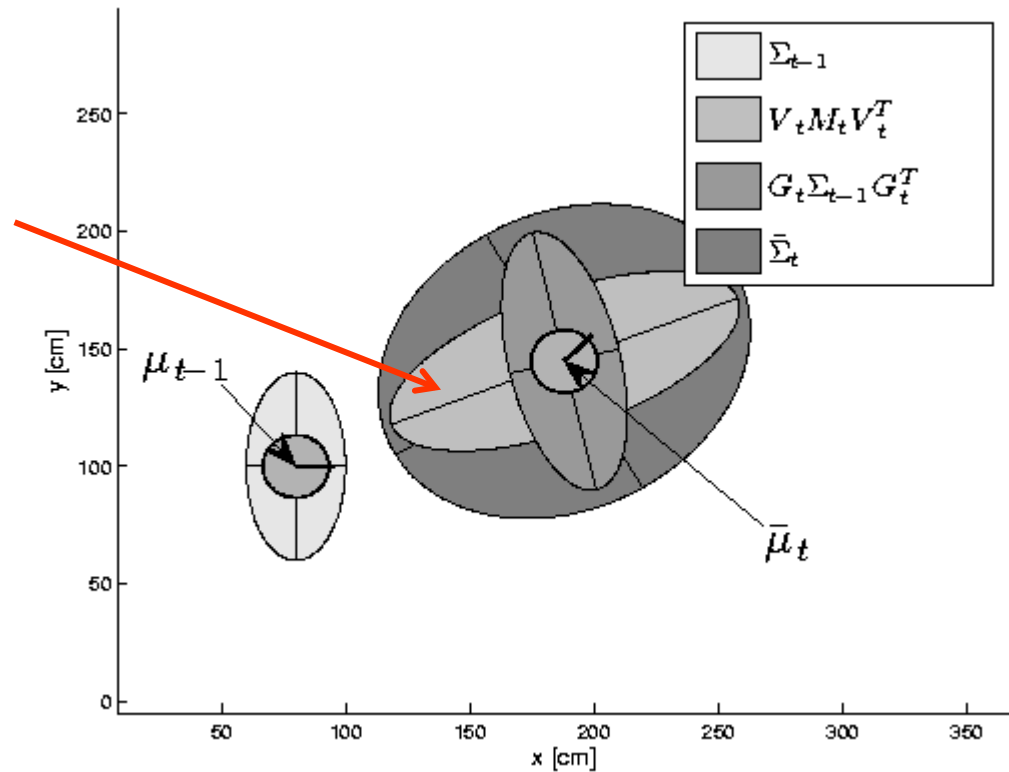
EKF Prediction Step

net
predicted
uncertainty



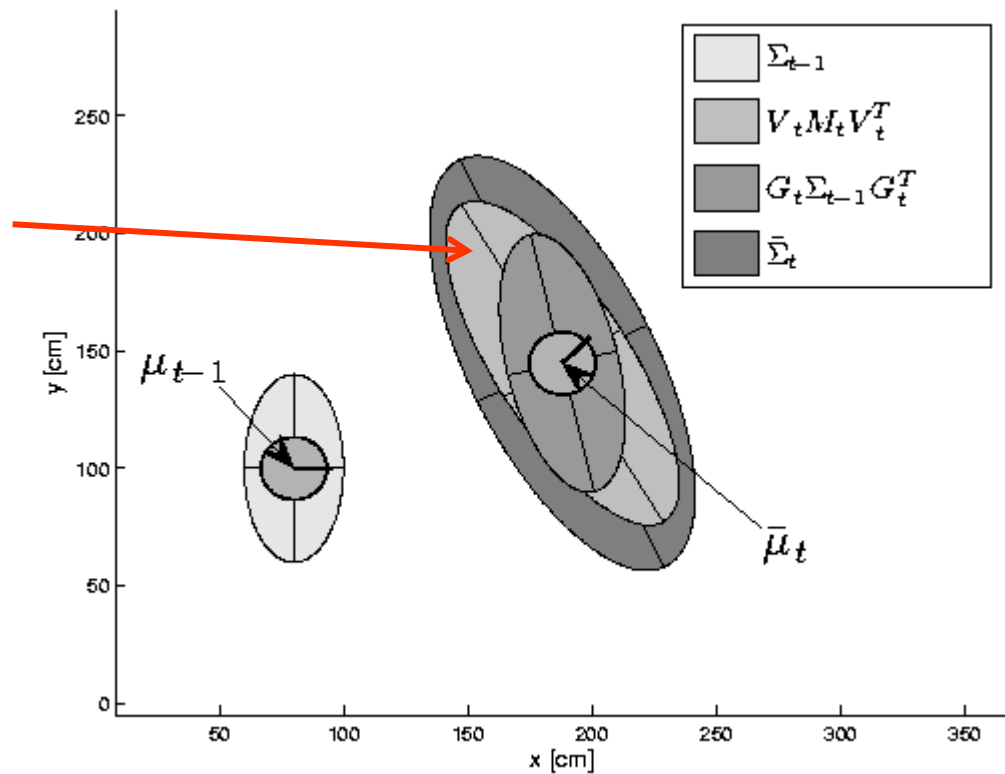
EKF Prediction Step

uncertainty
due to
control noise
(large transl.
and small
rot. noise)



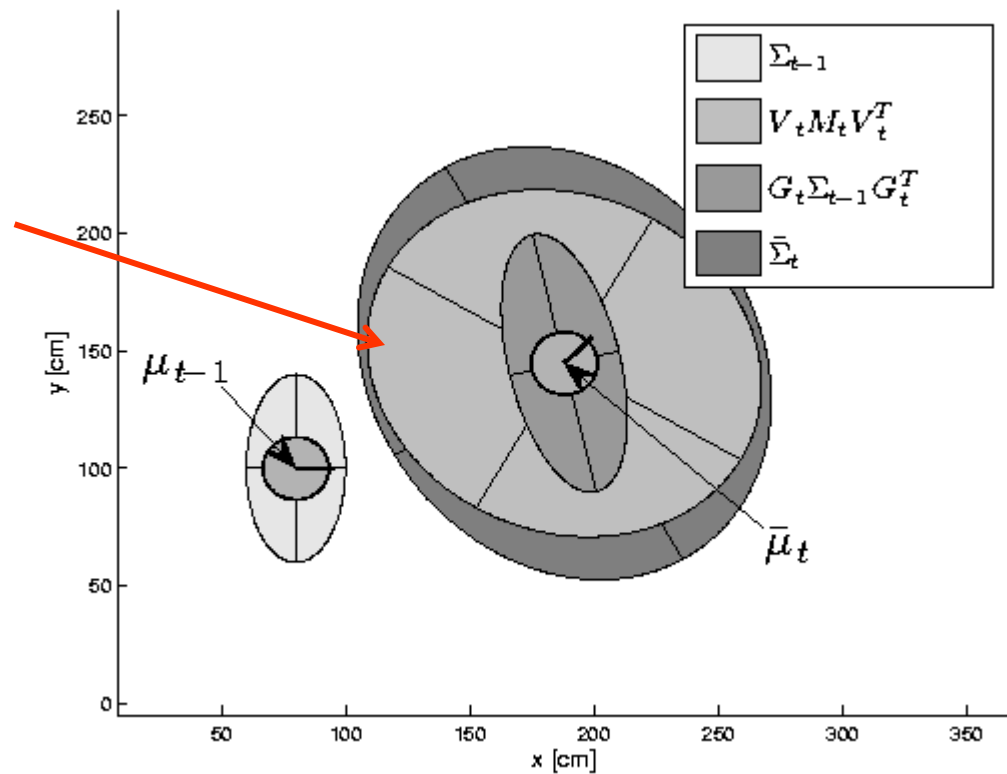
EKF Prediction Step

uncertainty
due to
control noise
(small transl.
and large
rot. noise)



EKF Prediction Step

uncertainty
due to
control noise
(large transl.
and large
rot. noise)



EKF Observation Prediction Step

- in the first part of the correction step, the measurement model is used to predict the measurement and its covariance using the predicted state and its covariance

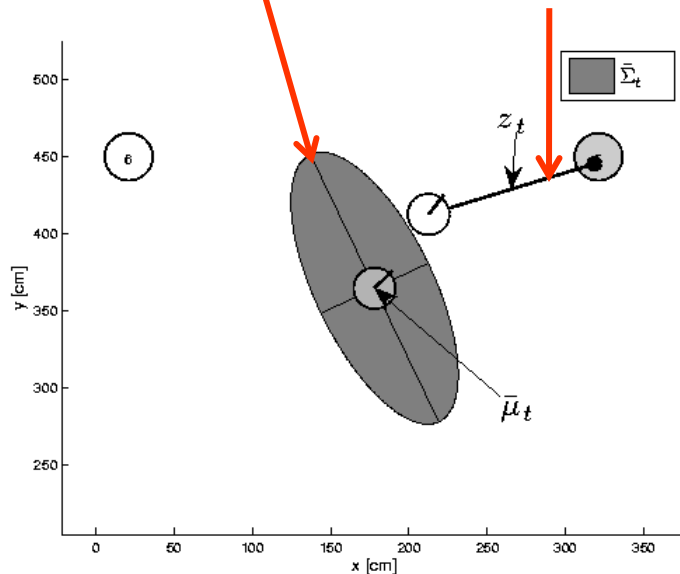
$$\bar{z}_t = h(\bar{\mu}_t)$$

$$S_t = H_t \bar{\Sigma}_t H_t^T + Q_t$$

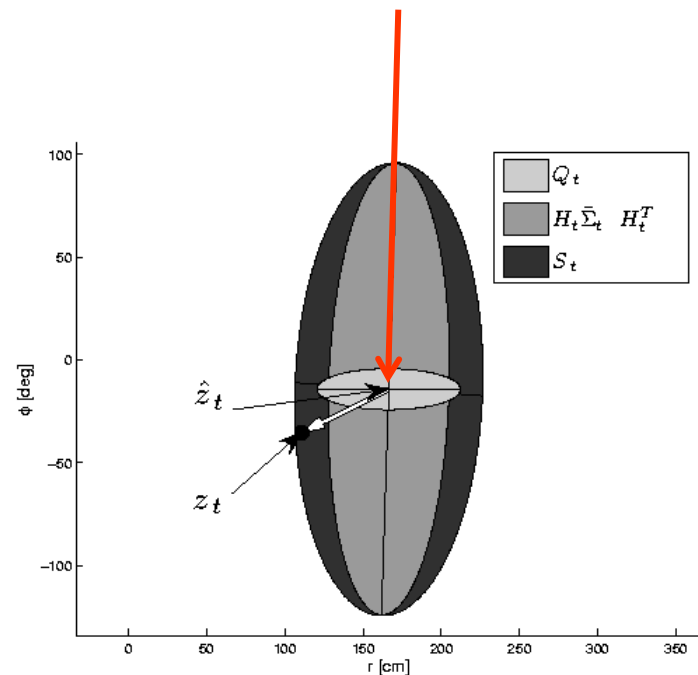
EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted
state with
covariance

landmark
observation



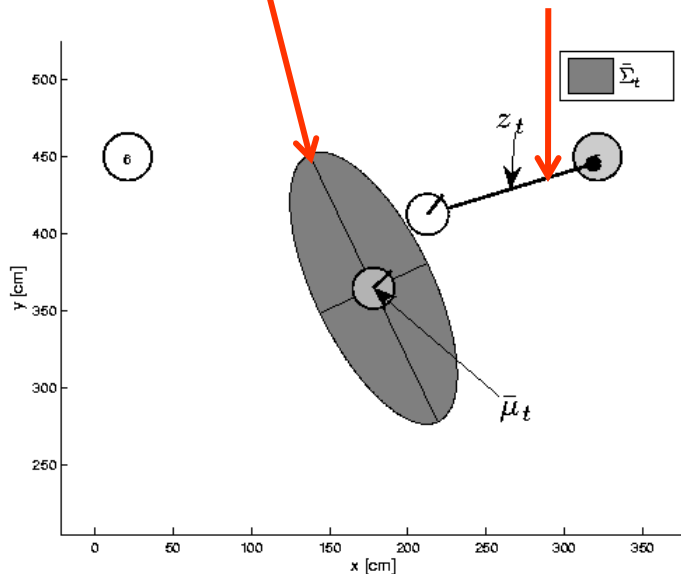
predicted
landmark
observation



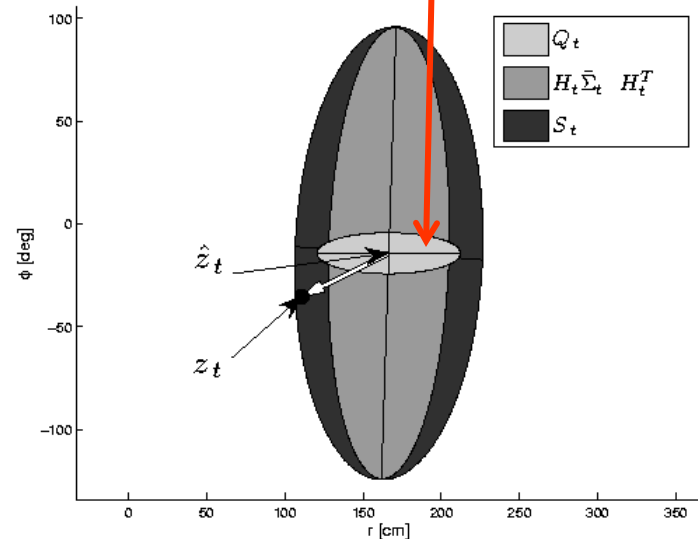
EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted
state with
uncertainty

landmark
observation



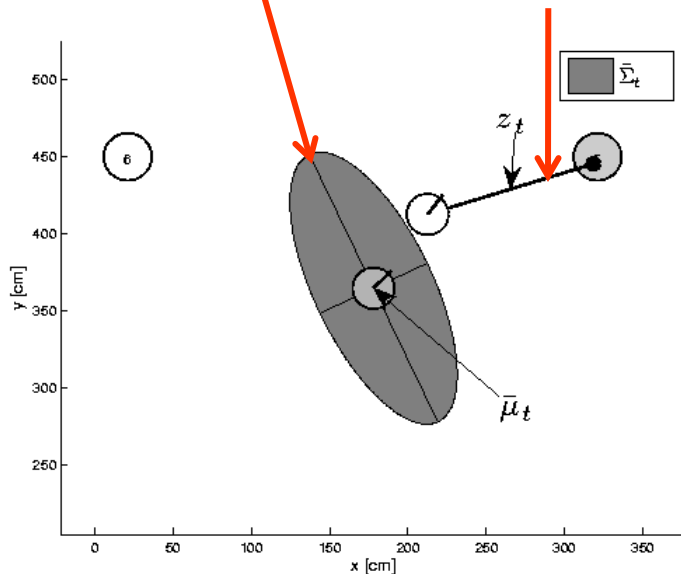
observation
uncertainty



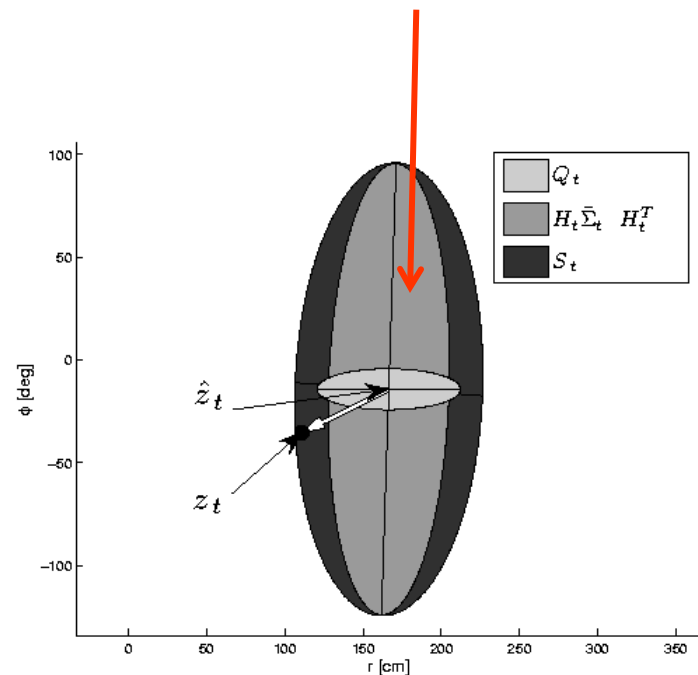
EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted state with covariance

landmark observation

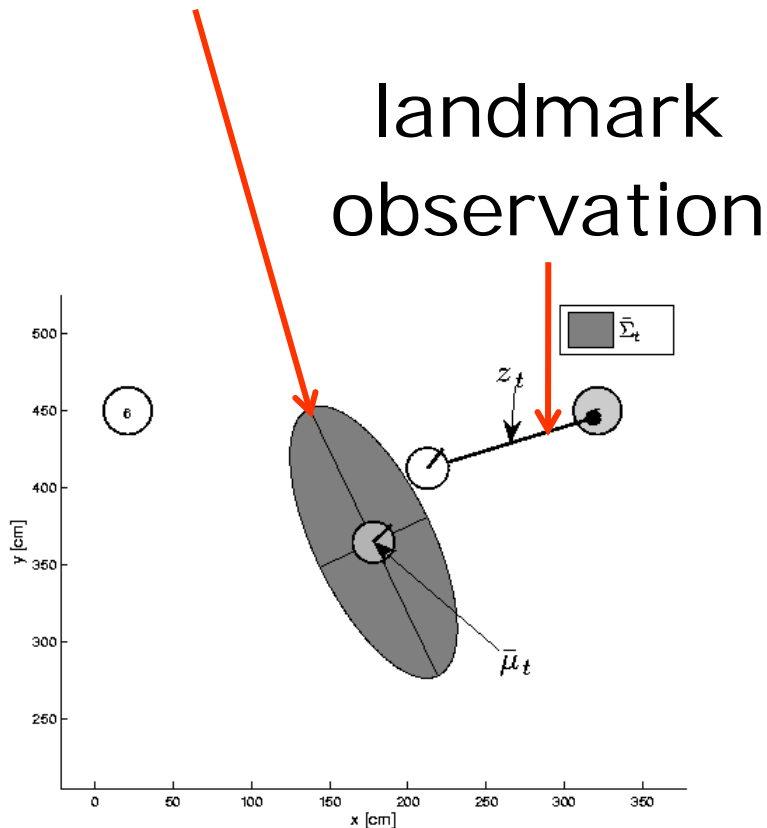


uncertainty due to uncertainty in predicted robot position

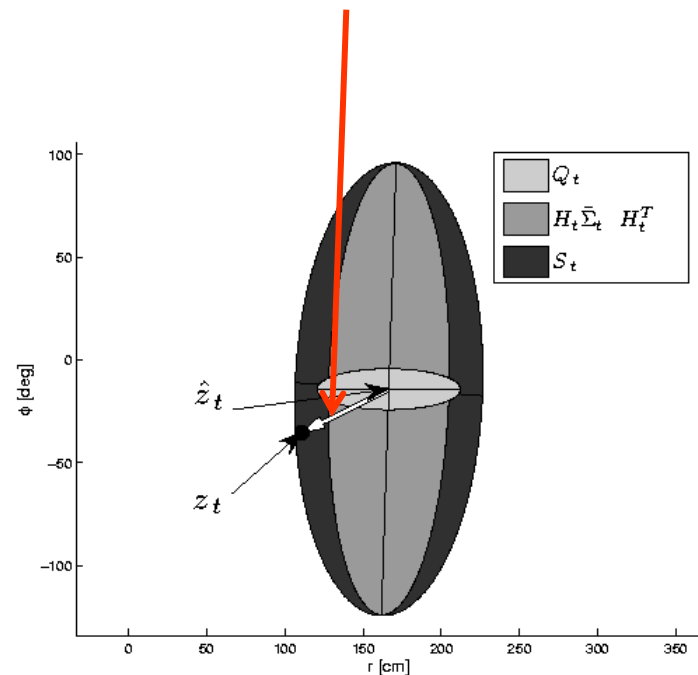


EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted state with covariance



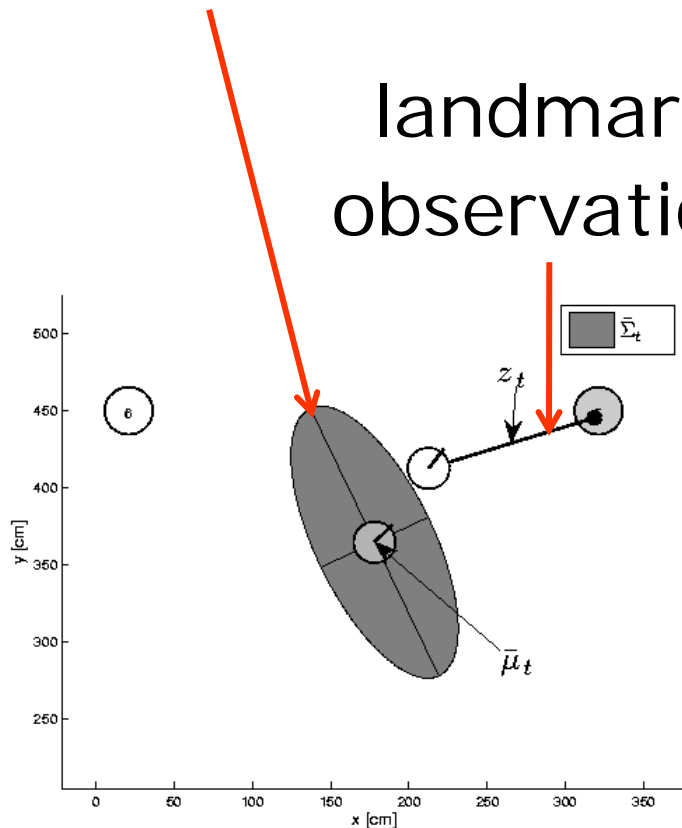
innovation
(difference
between
predicted and
actual observations)



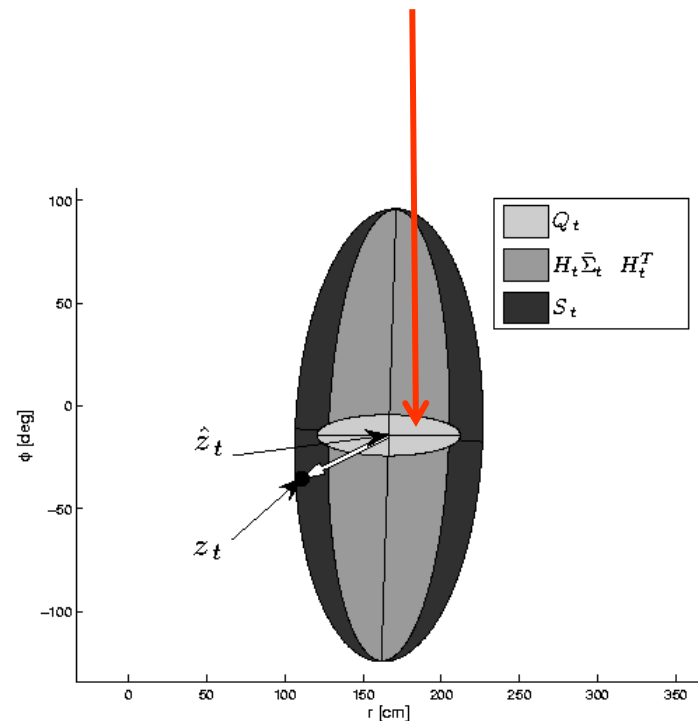
EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted state with uncertainty

landmark observation



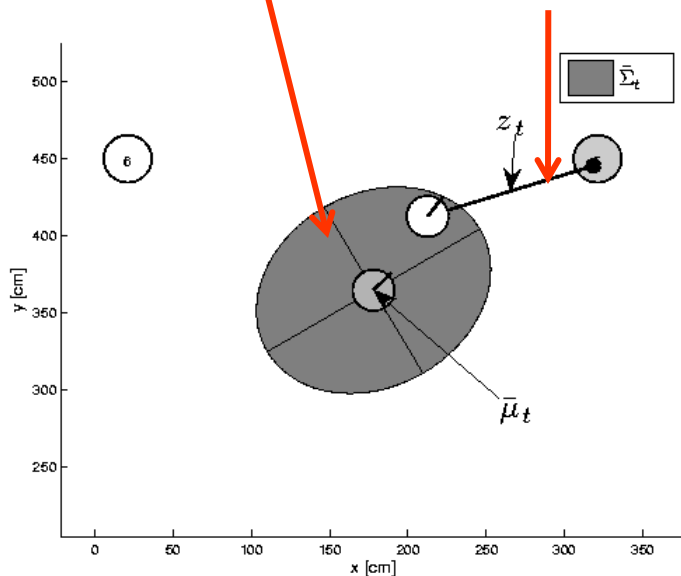
observation uncertainty (large distance uncertainty)



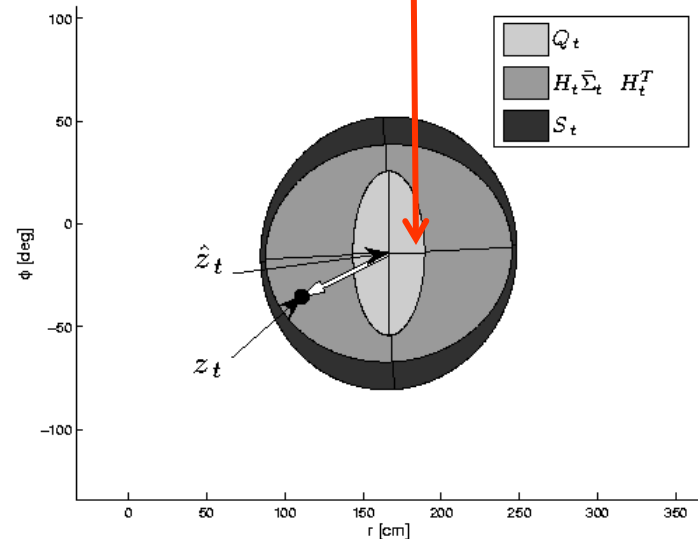
EKF Observation Prediction Step

predicted state with uncertainty

landmark observation



observation uncertainty (large bearing uncertainty)



EKF Correction Step

- the correction step updates the state estimate using the innovation vector and the measurement prediction uncertainty

$$K_t = \bar{\Sigma}_t H_t^T S_t^{-1}$$

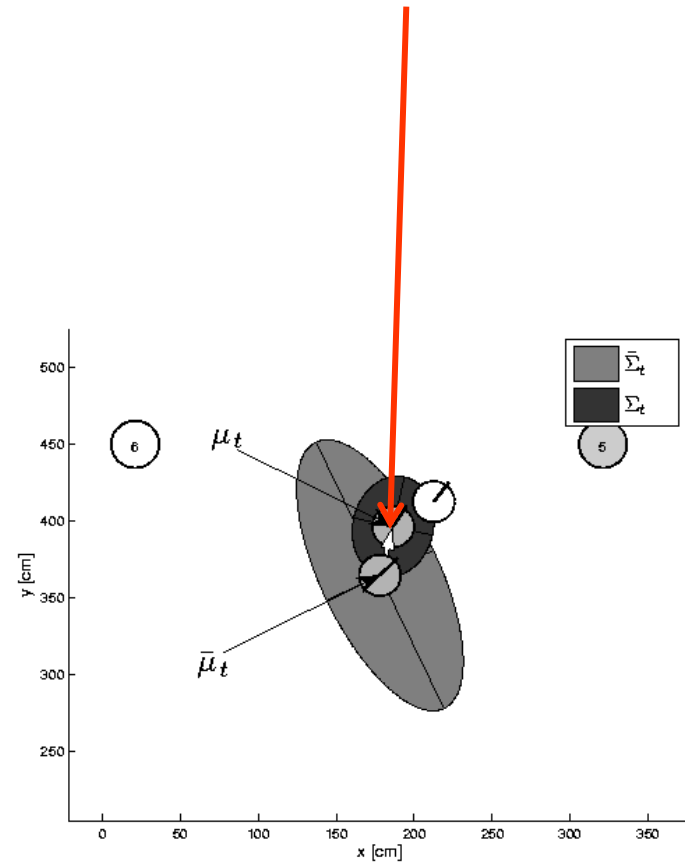
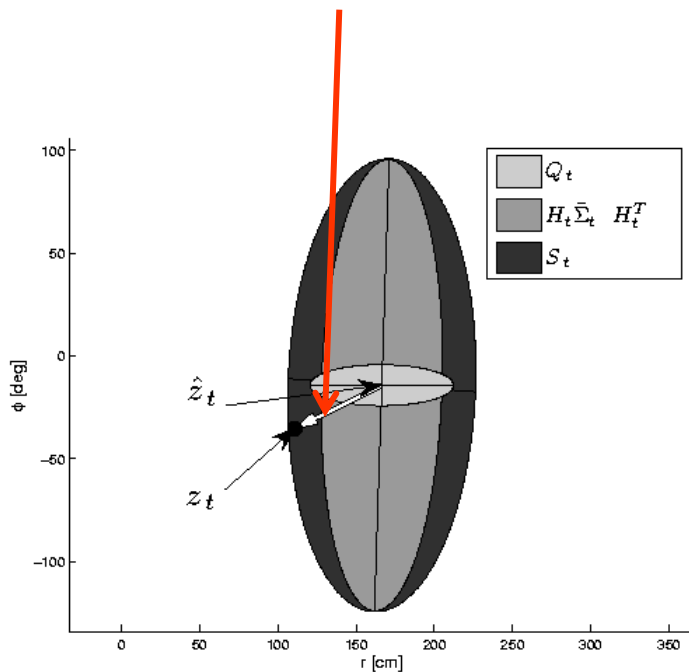
$$\mu_t = \bar{\mu}_t + K_t (z_t - \bar{z}_t)$$

$$\Sigma_t = (I - K_t H_t) \bar{\Sigma}_t$$

EKF Correction Step

innovation
(difference
between
predicted and
actual observations)

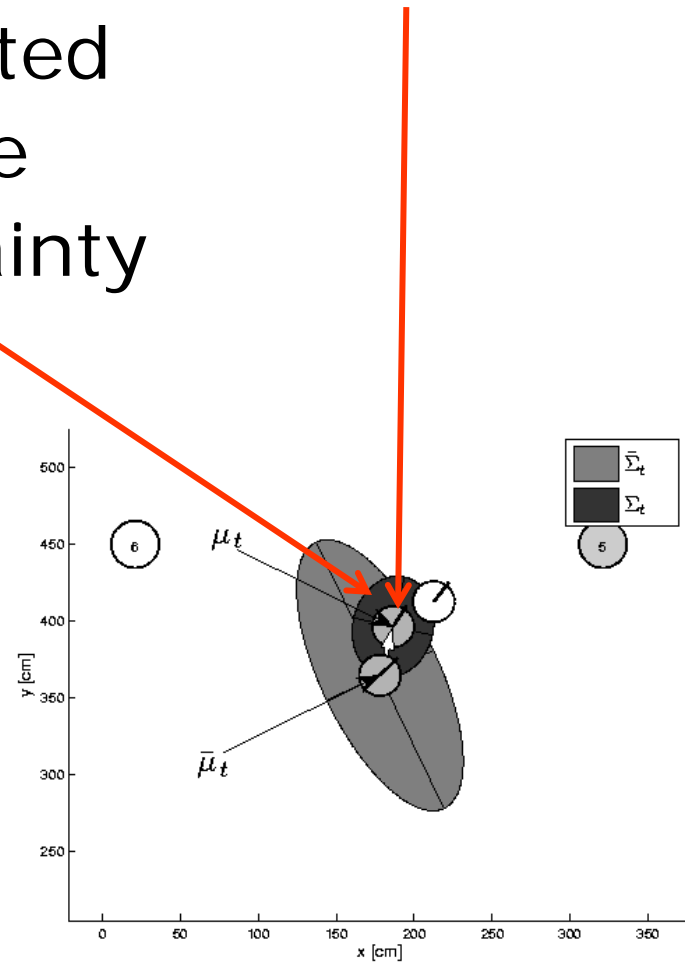
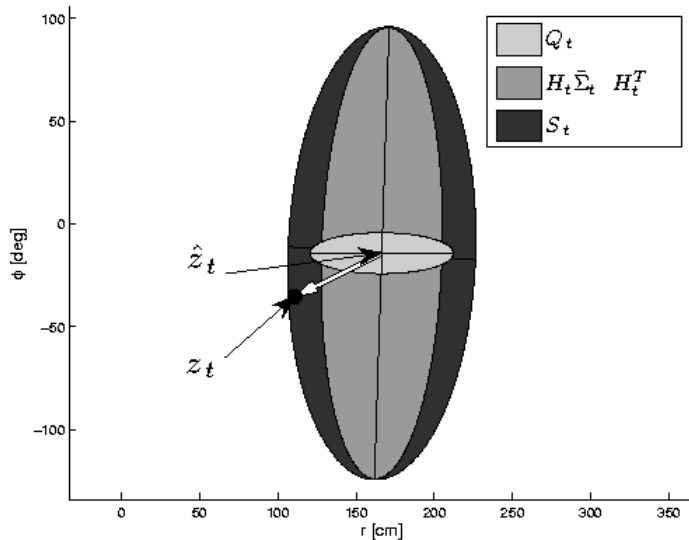
innovation scaled
and mapped into
state space



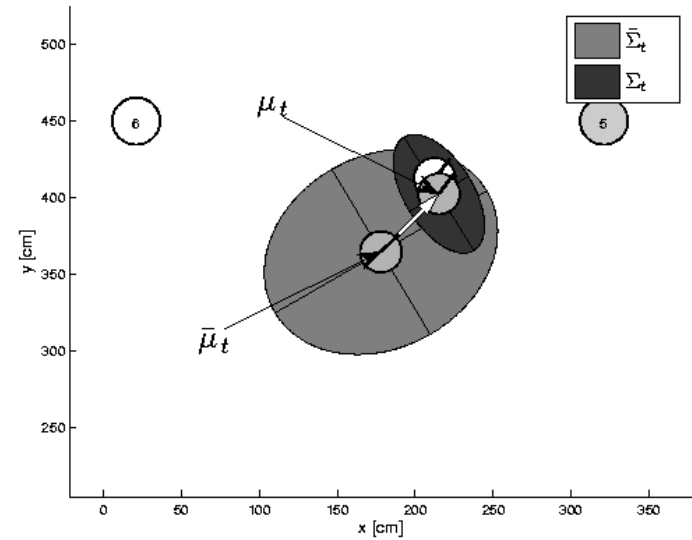
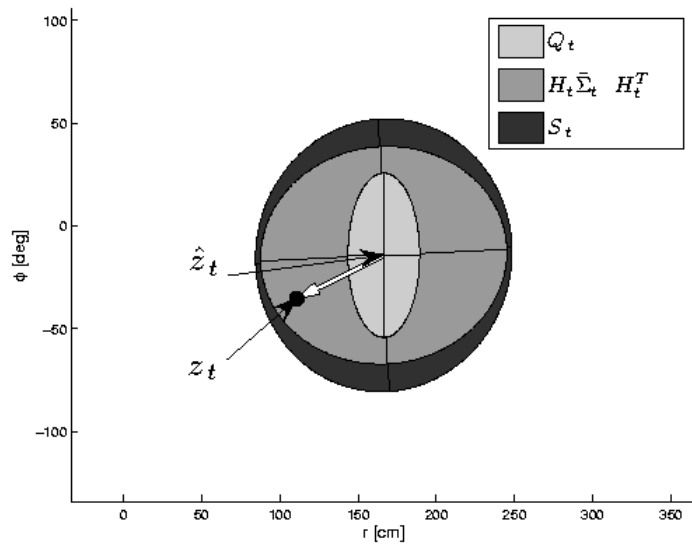
EKF Correction Step

corrected
state mean

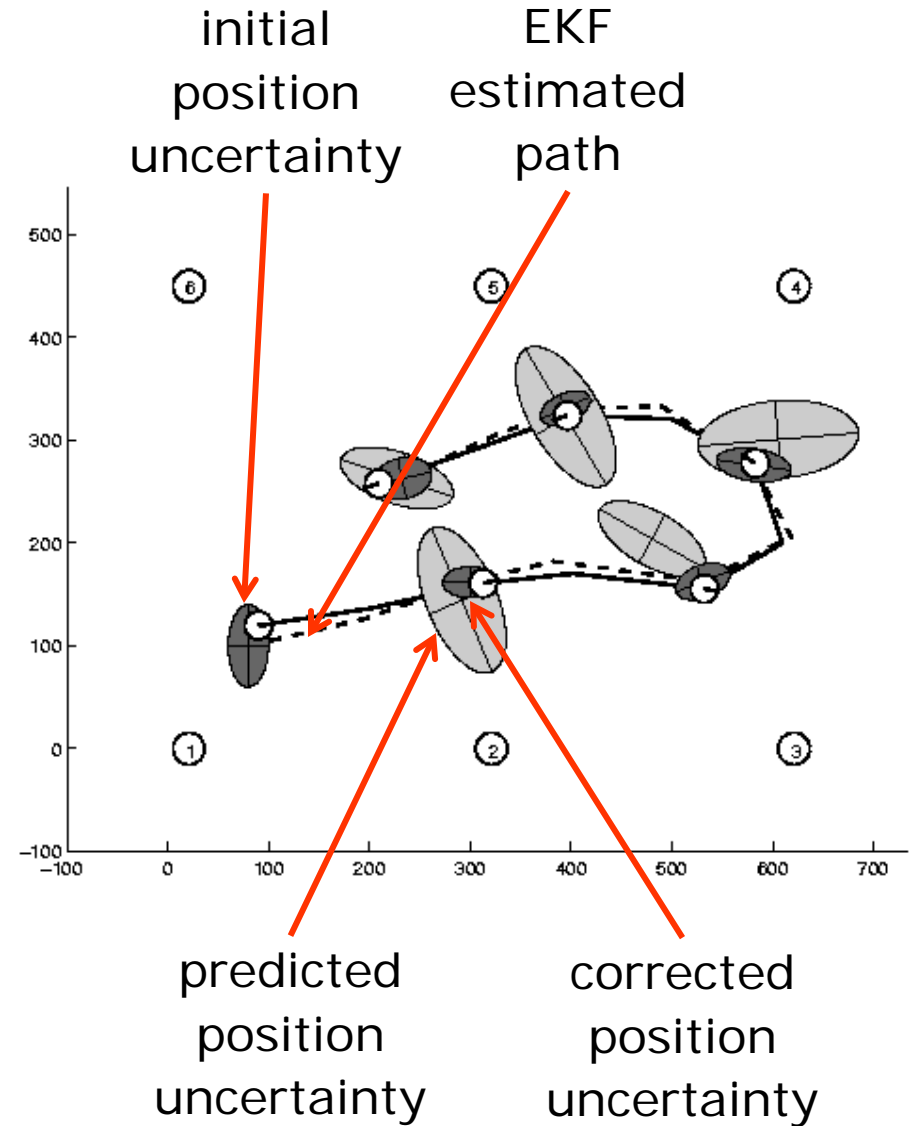
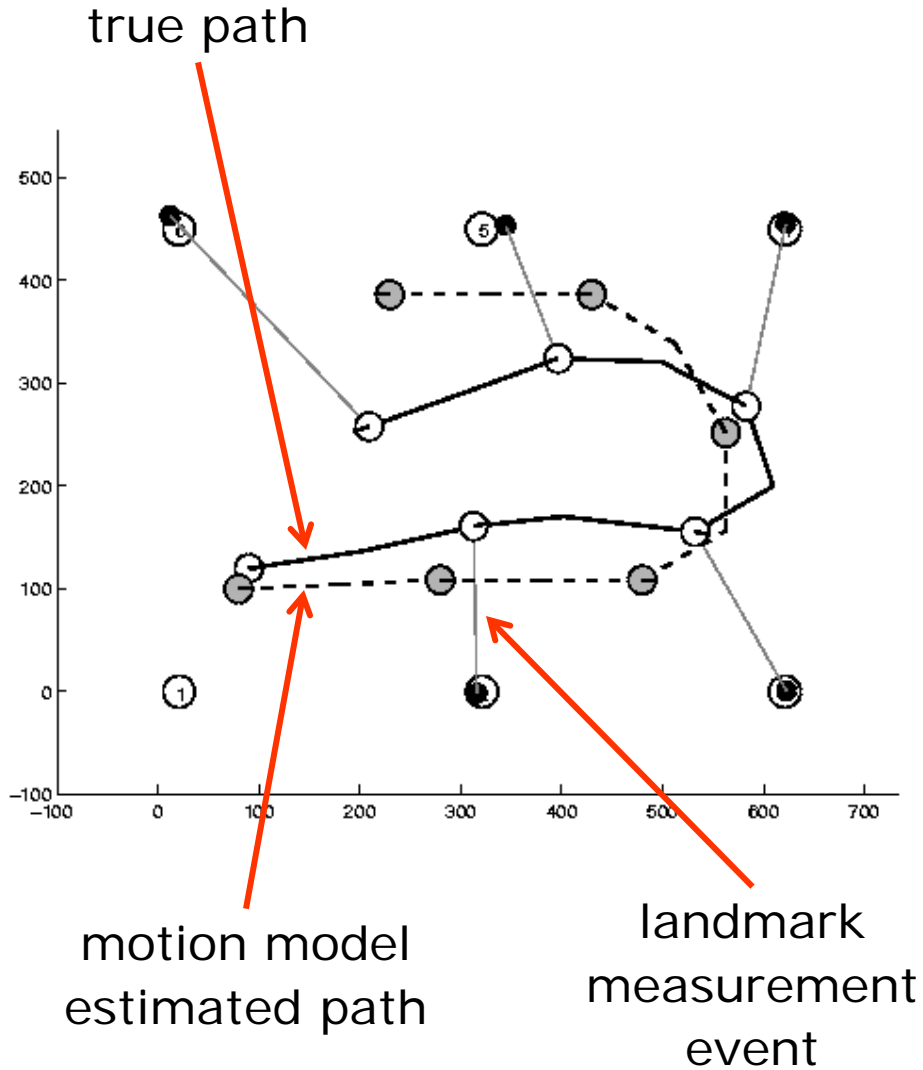
corrected
state
uncertainty



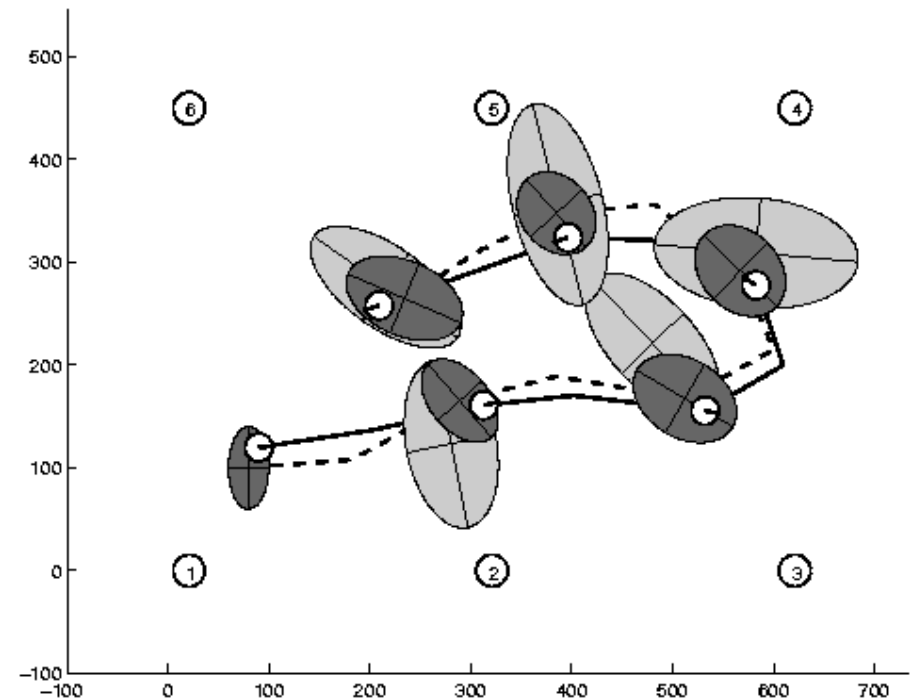
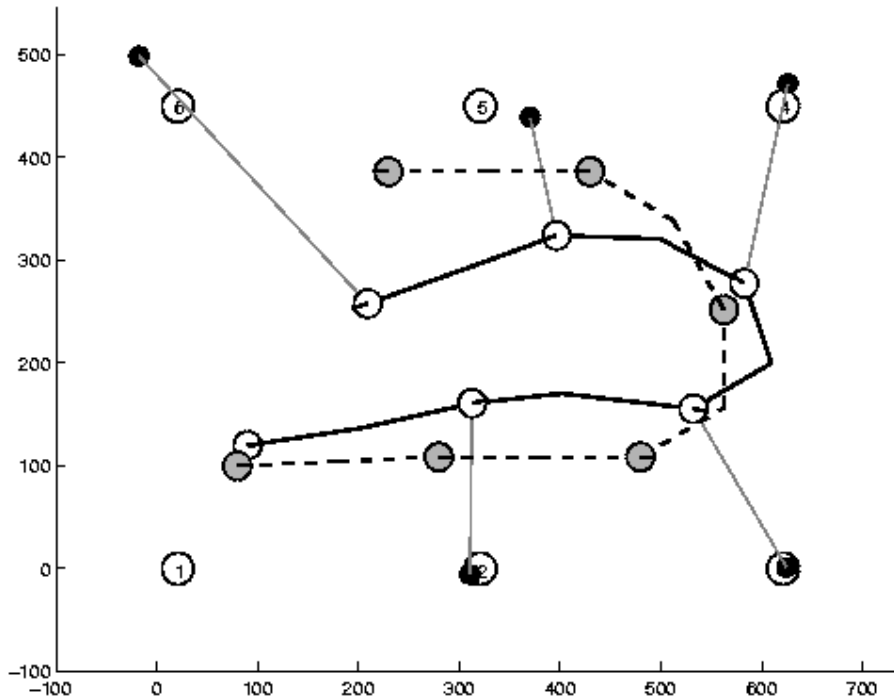
EKF Correction Step



Estimation Sequence (1)

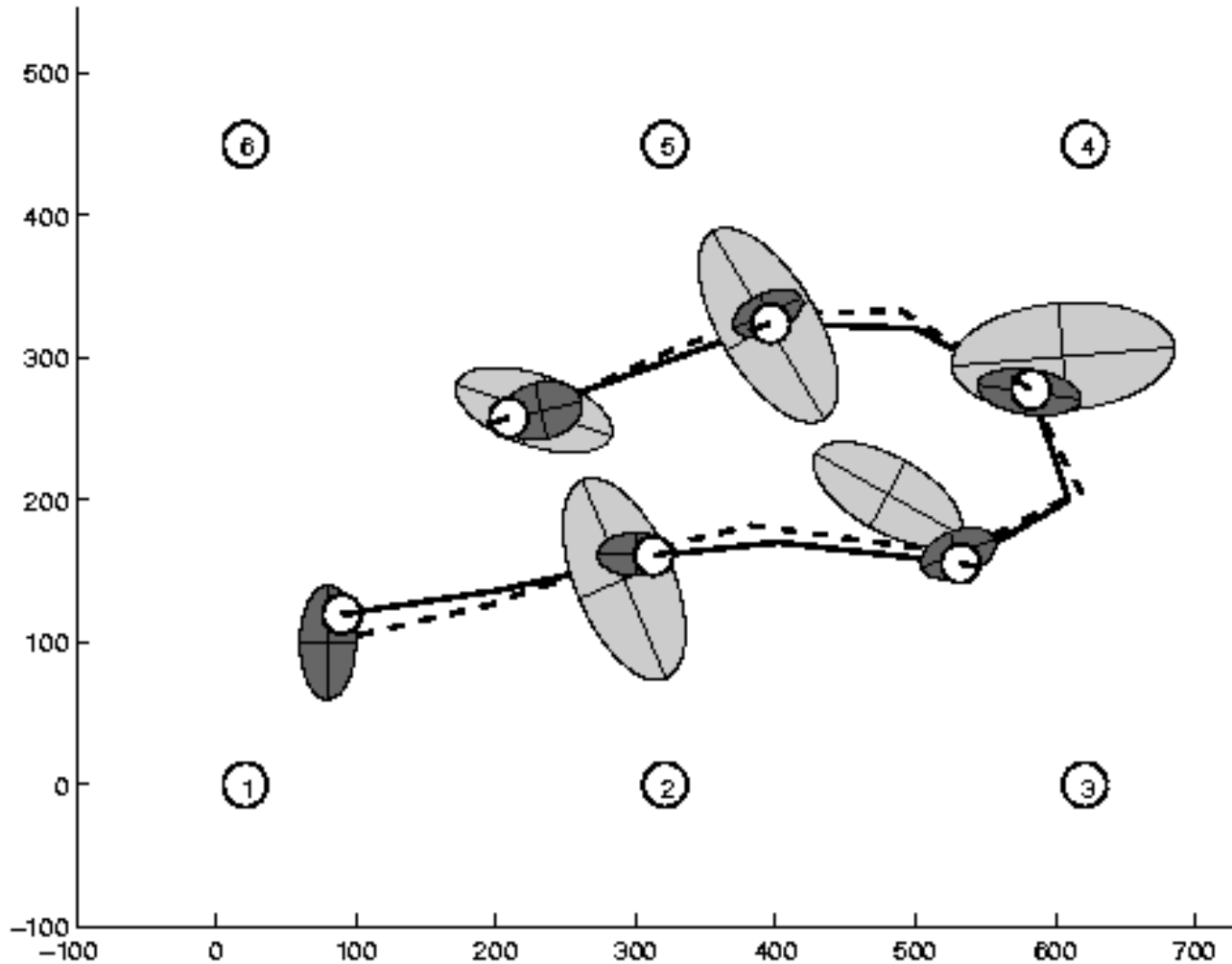


Estimation Sequence (2)



same as previous but with greater measurement uncertainty

Comparison to GroundTruth



EKF Summary

- **Highly efficient:** Polynomial in measurement dimensionality k and state dimensionality n :
$$O(k^{2.376} + n^2)$$
- **Not optimal!**
- Can **diverge** if nonlinearities are large!
- Works surprisingly well even when all assumptions are violated!